PRODUC DIF

1330-20-7

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET FOR COATINGS, RESINS AND RELATED MATERIALS (Approved by U.S. Department of Labor entially Similar' to form OSHA-20)

MANUFACTURER'S NAME
THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS COMPANY
101 Prospect Avenue N.W.
Cleveland, Obio 44115
DATE OF PREPARATION
8-Aug-86

INFORMATION TELEPHONE NO. (216) 566-2902

	Section	I		PRODUCT	3	D	ENTIF	ICATION	
CT NAME				estament by	*	_	Trade	Mark	
MENSO*	ne-Coat	Ine	me !	Service Co.					

DIMENSO* One-Coat En. PRODUCT NUMBERS AND COLORS H61 G 16 Green H61 G 20 Dark Green H61 L 17 Tan H61 L 14 Blue PRODUCT CLASS Alkyd Enamel

H61 L 19 Dark Blue H61 N 18 Coppertone H61 S 11 Silver Gray

Section II -- HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS CAS No 64742-47-8 Mineral Spirits. 108-88-3 Toluene. 100-41-4 Ethylbenzene

2.0 100 PPM 7.1 Xylene. 45 100 100 210.

Mo ingredient in this product is an IARC, NTP or OSHA listed carcin

0.01 Mg/H3 0.05 0.05 Section III -- PHYSICAL DATA

EVAPORATION RATE — Slover than Ether VAPOR BOILING RANGE (F) & VOLATILE VOLUME 222 - 395 62 VAPOR DENSITY -- Heavier than Air

Section IV -- FIRE AND EXPLOSION BAZARD DATA

FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION FLASH POINT 40 F PMCC LEL 1.0

RED LABEL -- Flammable, Flash below 100 F

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA
Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Foam
UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Keep containers tightly closed. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks, and open
flame. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Application to hot
surfaces requires special precautions. During emergency conditions overexposure to
decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent.
Obtain medical attention.
SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES
Full protective equipment including melf-contained breathing apparatus should be used.
Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Water may be
used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or
explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

H61 DIMENSO* One-Coat Ename?

page 2

THRESHOLD LIMIT VALUE -- See Section II

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

ACUTE: Overexposure causes eye, skin and respiratory irritation. May cause nervous system depression accompanied by headache, dizziness, nausea, confusion and staggering gait. Extreme overexposure may result in unconsciousness and possible death.

CHRONIC: Prolonged overexposure to ingredients in Section II may cause adverse effects to the liver, urinary, blood forming, cardio-vascular, and reproductive systems. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES

If INHALED: If affected, remove from exposure. Restore breating. Keep warm and quiet. If on SKIN: Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before re-use.

If in EYES: Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

Section V -- HEALTH HAZARD DATA

Section VI -- REACTIVITY DATA

Stable INCOMPATIBILITY

INCOMPATIBILITY
Metallics contain Aluminum. Contamination with Water, Acids, or Alkalis can cause evolution of hydrogen, which may result in dangerously increased pressures in closed containers.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS
By fire: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide, Oxides of Metals in Section II
HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION -- Will Not Occur

Section VII -- SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED
Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate and remove with inert absorbent.
WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Vaste from this product may be hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and
Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261. Vaste must be tested for ignitability and extractability to
determine the applicable EPA hazardous waste numbers.

Incinerate in approved facility. Do not incinerate closed container. Dispose of in
accordance with Federal, State, and Local regulations regarding pollution.

Section VIII -- PROTECTION INFORMATION

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN USE
Before initial use, consult OSHA's Standard for Occupational Exposure to Lead
(29 CFR 1910.1025).
Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing vapor and spray mist. Avoid contact
with skin and eyes. Wash hands after using.
Protect against hazardous dust or fuses which may be generated by sanding, virebrushing,
abrading, burning, brazing or welding of the dried film. abrading, burn VENTILATION

VENTILATION
Local exhaust preferable. General exhaust acceptable if the exposure to materials in Section II is maintained below applicable exposure limits. Refer to OSHA Standards 1910.94, Section II is maintained below applicable exposure limits. Refer to Usha Standards 1910. 107, 1910.108.
RESPIRATORY PROTECTION
If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by ventilation, vear respiratory device approved by NIOSB/MSBA for protection against materials in Section II.

Continued on page 3

DIMENSO* One-Coat Enamel page 3

PROTECTIVE GLOVES Wear gloves which are recommended by glove supplier for protection against materials in Section II.

EYE PROTECTION Wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshields.

V.P.

PPM

Section IX -- PRECAUTIONS

Continued on page 2

DOL STORAGE CATEGORY -- 1B
PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN BANDLING AND STORING
Contents are FLAMMABLE. Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame.
During use and until all vapors are gone: Keep area ventilated - Do not smoke Extinguish all flames, pilot lights, and heaters - Turn off stowes, electric tools and
appliances, and any other sources of ignition.
Consult NFPA Code. Use approved Bonding and Grounding procedures.
Keep container closed when not in use. Transfer only to approved containers with complete
and appropriate labeling. Do not take internally. Keep out of the reach of children.
OTHER PRECAUTIONS
This coating contains materials classified as nuisance particulates, for example
titanium dioxide, calcium carbonate, etc. (see ACCIM TUV List, Preface and Appendix D),
which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film.

Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal.

HMIC

mmis .					
2					
3	-				
1					