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## 16

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET FOR COATINGS, RESINS AND RELATED MATERIALS by U.S. Department of Labor 'Essentially Similar' to form OSBA-20) (Approved by U.S. Departme

MANUFACTURER'S NAME
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DATE OF PREPARATION

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\* - Trade Mark

Section I -- PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NUMBER
T82 C 5
PRODUCT NAME
OPEX\* Bronzing Lacquer
PRODUCT CLASS
Lacquer

Section II -- HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS CAS No. 108-88-3 Toluene. 64-17-5 Ethanol 22.0 PPH 1000 1000 No ingredient in this product is an IARC. NTP or QSHA listed carcin

Section III -- PHYSICAL DATA

EVAPORATION RATE -- Slower than Ether VAP BOILING RANGE (F) % VOLATILE VOLUME 172 - 242 90.1 VAPOR DENSITY -- Heavier than Air JUME WT/GAL 7.33

Section IV -- FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION FLAS RED LABEL -- Flammable, Flash below 100 F EXTINGUISHING MEDIA PLASH POINT 30 F PMCC

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Foam

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Keep containers tightly closed. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks, and open flame. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Application to hot surfaces requires special precautions. During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Full protective conjument including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used.

Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. Vater spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

THRESHOLD LIMIT VALUE -- See Section II EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

ACUTE: Overexposure causes eye, skin and respiratory irritation. Hay cause nervous system depression accompanied by headache, dizxiness, nausea, confusion and staggering gait. Extreme overexposure may result in unconsciousness and possibly death.

CHRONIC: Prolonged overexposure to ingredients in Section II may cause adverse effects to the liver, urinary, blood forming, and cardio-vascular systems.

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES

If INHALED: If affected, remove from exposure. Restore breathing. Keep varm and quiet. If on SKIN: Vash affected area thoroughly with soap and water.

Remove contaminated clothing and launder before re-use. If in EVES: Flush eyes with large amounts of vater for 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

If SVALLOWED: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Do NOT INDUCE VONITING. Give several glasses of vater. Seek medical attention.

Section V -- HEALTH HAZARD DATA

Section VI -- REACTIVITY DATA

STABILITY — Stable
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS
By fire: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide
HAZARDOUS POLYMENIZATION — Will Not Occur

Section VII -- SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED
Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate and remove with inert absorbent.
WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Vaste from this product may be hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and
Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261. Waste must be tested for ignitability to determine the
applicable BPA hazardous waste numbers.

Incinerate in approved facility. Do not incinerate closed container. Dispose of in
accordance with Federal, State, and Local regulations regarding pollution.

Section VIII -- PROTECTION INFORMATION

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN USE
Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing vapor and spray mist. Avoid contact
with skin and eyes. Wash hands after using.
Protect against dust which may be generated by sanding or abrading the dried film.
VENTILATION

VENTILATION

Local exhaust preferable. General exhaust acceptable if the exposure to materials in Section II is maintained below applicable exposure limits. Refer to OSHA Standards 1910.94, 1910.109.
RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by ventilation, wear respiratory device approved by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in Section II.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES

Wear gloves which are recommended by glove supplier for protection against materials in Section IY.

tion II.

E PROTECTION

Wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshields.

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T82 C 5 OPEX\* Bronzing Lacquer page 3 Section IX -- PRECAUTIONS

DOL STORAGE CATEGORY -- 1B
PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING
Contents are FLAMMABLE. Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame.
During use and until all vapors are gone: Keep area ventilated - Do not smoke Extinguish all flames, pilot lights, and heaters - Turn off stoves, electric tools and
appliances, and any other sources of ignition.
Consult NFPA Code. Use approved Bonding and Grounding procedures.
Keep container closed when not in use. Transfer only to approved containers with complete
and appropriate labeling. Do not take internally. Keep out of the reach of children.
OTHER PRECAUTIONS
This coulting contains materials classified as muisance matriculates, for example

OTHER PRECAUTIONS

This coating contains materials classified as nuisance particulates, for example titanium dioxide, calcium carbonate, etc. (see ACGIR TLV List, Freface and Appendix D), which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film.

Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal.

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HEALTH	2	
FLAMMABILITY	3	
REACTIVITY	0	