	MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET AND SAFE HANDLING AND DISPOSAL INFORMATION	
CLEAN ACROSS AMERICA AND THROUGHOUT THE WORLD™	02/19/98	
ZEP MANUFACTURING COMPANY P.O. BOX 2015	ISSUE DATE: 05/04/95 SUPERSEDES: ZEP LEMON CLEAR DEGREASER NA	
ATLANTA, GEORGIA 30301	PRODUCT NO.: 0659	
	SECTION I - EMERGENCY CONTACTS TELEPHONE: (404) 352-1680 BETWEEN 8:00 AM - 5:00 PM (EST)	
SCHOOLCRAFT COLLEGE (343) 18600 HAGGERTY RD (RECEIVING DOCK) LIVONIA, MI 48152-2696	MEDICAL EMERGENCY: (770) 439-4200 NON-OFFICE HOURS, WEEKENDS (770) 432-2873 AND HOLIDAYS, PLEASE CALL YOUR (770) 424-4789 LOCAL POISON CONTROL (770) 392-1480 (770) 455-8160 (770) 552-8836 TRANSPORTATION EMERGENCY: (770) 922-0923 CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 TOLL-FREE - ALL CALLS RECORDED DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA: (202) 483-7616	
SECTION II - H	AZARDOUS INGREDIENTS	
DESIGNATIONS PROPRIETARY, BIODEGRADABLE, HIGH-FLASH SOLVENT * CAS# - F * PROPRIETARY ACETATE ESTER * CAS# - PROPRIETARY; RTECS# -		
* NONYLPHENOXYPOLY(ETHYLENEOXY)ETHANOL * npe; poly(oxy-1,2-e CAS# 9016-45-9; RTECS# MD0900000; OSHA PEL-N/D.		
SECTION III - HEALTH HAZARD DATA Special Note: MSDS data pertains to the product as dispensed from the container. Adverse health effects would not be expected under recommended conditions of use (diluted) so long as prescribed safety precautions are practiced. Acute Effects of Overexposure: This product can be an eye irritant. Inflammation of eye tissue is characterized by redness, watering, and/or itching. Exposure may aggravate existing skin disorders such as dermatitis. Chronic Effects of Overexposure: Skin which is repeatedly defatted by contact with this product may be more susceptible to irritation, infection, or dermatitis. None of the hazardous ingredients are listed as by IARC, NTP, & OSHA E: PEL/TLV: Not established Primary Routes of Entry: Inh.		
HMIS Codes: HEALTH 2;FLAM. 1;REACT. 0;PERS. PROTECT. B ;CHRONIC HAZ. NO		
FIRST AID PROCEDURES: Skin: Wash contaminated skin thoroughly with soap or a mild detergent. Apply a skin cream with lanolin. Get medical attention if irritation persists. Eyes: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting upper and lower lids. Get medical attention at once. Inhale: Move exposed person to fresh air. If irritation persists, get medical attention promptly. Ingest: If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head below hip level. Get emergency medical attention immediately.		
	AL PROTECTION INFORMATION	
Protective Clothing: The use of neoprene, nitrile or natural rubber gloves is strongly recommended, especially for prolonged contact. Eye Protection: Wear tight-fitting splash-proof safety glasses especially if contact lenses are worn. Respiratory Protection: No extra measures are needed if ventilation is adequate. Ventilation: Ventilation: should be equivalent to outdoors. Use exhaust fans and open windows in enclosed spaces.		
	V - PHYSICAL DATA	
Boiling Point (°F): 466-484 Specific Gravity: Percent Volatile by Volume (%): 92.4 Vapor Density (ai Solubility in Water: EMULSIFIES pH (concentrate) Appearance and Odor: A CLEAR, COLORLESS LIQUID WITH A LIGHT LEY	: N/A pH (use dilution of N/A): N/A	
SECTION VI - FI Flash Point (°F) (method used): > 200 (TCC) Flammable Limits: LEL N/D UEL N/D Extinguishing Media: Carbon dioxide, dry chemical, water fog, Special Fire Fighting: Wear self-contained positive pres. breath Unusual Fire Hazards: None		

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SECTION VII - REACTIVITY DATA		
Stability: Incompatibility (avoid): Polymerization: Hazardous Decomposition:	Stable Strong alkalis and oxidizing agents. Will not occur. Carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, and other unidentified organic compounds.	
SECTION VIII - SPILL AND DISPOSAL PROCEDURES		
Steps to be Taken in Case Material is Released or Spilled: Observe safety procedures in section 4 & 9 during clean-up. Absorb spill on inert absorbent material (eg Zep-O-Zorb). Pick up and place residue in a suitable wat container. Wash spill area thoroughly with a detergent solution and rinse well with water. Waste Disposal Method: Liquid wastes are not permitted in landfills. Product is not considered a hazardous waste under RCRA. Unusable liquid may be absorbed on an inert absorbent material (eg Zep-O-Zorb), drummed, and taken to a chemical or industrial landfill. Pretreatment may be required before landfilling. Consult local, state, or federal agencies for proper disposal in your area.		
RCRA Hazardous Waste Numbers: N/A		
SECTION IX - SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS		
Precautions to be Taken When Handling and Storing: Store tightly closed container in a dry area at temps, between 40-120 degrees F. Keep product away from skin and eyes. Do not breathe spray mists or vapors. Clothing or shoes which become contaminated with substance should be removed promptly and not reworn until thoroughly cleaned. Keep out of the reach of children.		
SECTION X - TRANSPORTATION DATA		
DOT PROPER SHIPPING NAME Small sizes one gallon or less may be shipped as ORM-D: NONE DOT Hazard Class: N/A		
DOT I.D. Number: N/A EPA TSCA Chemical Inventor	y: ALL INGREDIENTS ARE LISTED DOT Label/Placard: NONE	

EPA GWA 40CFR Part 117 substance (RQ in a single container) :

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NOTICE

Thank you for your interest in, and use of, Zep products. Zep Manufacturing Co. is pleased to be of service to you by supplying this Material Salety Data Sheet for your files. Zep Manufacturing is concerned for your health and salety. Zep products can be used safely with proper protective equipment and proper handling practices consistent with label instructions and the MSDS. Before using any Zep product, be sure to read the complete label and the Material Salety Data Sheet.

As a further word of caution, Zep wishes to advise that serious accidents have resulted from the misuse of "emptied" containers. "Empty" containers retain residue (liquid and/or vapor) and can be dangerous. DO NOT pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose such containers to heat, flame, or other sources of ignition; they may explode or develop harmful vapors and possibly cause injury or death. Clean empty containers by triple rinsing with water or an appropriate solvent. Empty containers nust be sent to a drum reconditioner before reuse

TERMS AND ABBREVIATIONS USED IN THE MSDS:

BY SECTION ALPHABETICALLY:

ECTION II: HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

Carcinogen - A chemical listed by the National Toxicol-Program (NTP), the International Agency for Research ancer (IARC) or OSHA as a definite or possible human

er causing agent. #: Chemical Abstract Services Registry Number - A

versally accepted numbering system for chemical subances

CBL Combustible - At temperatures between 100°F and 200°F chemical gives off enough vapor to ignite if a source of ignition is present as tested with a closed cup tester. CNS: Central Nervous System depressant reduces the activ-

ity of the brain and spinal cord. COR: Corrosive - Causes irreversible alterations in living

tissue (e.g. burns). DESIGNATIONS: Chemical and common names of hazardous ngredients.

FIR: Eve Irritant Only - Causes reversible reddening and/or inflammation of eye tissues. EXPOSURE LIMITS: The time weighted average (TWA) air-

without any expected adverse effects. Primary sources in-cluda ACCIH TLV's, and OSHA PEL's (TWA, STEL and calling limits)

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.

CEILING: The concentration that should not be exceeded in the workplace during any part of the working exposure. OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration

USTR: UCCUpational Safety and Health Administration PEL: Permissible Exposure Limit- A set of time weighted average exposure values, established by OSHA, for a normal 8-hour day and a 40-hour work week. PPM; Parts per million - unit of measure for exposure limite

limits. (S) SKIN; Skin contact with substance can contribute to

overall exposure STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit- Maximum concentration

(Notice Revised 8/91) BECENEL SUBJECT

for a continuous 15-minute exposure period. TLV; Threshold Limit Value - A set of time weighted average exposure limits, established by the ACGIH, for a

normal 8-hour day and a 40-hour work week.

FBL: Flammable - At temperatures under 100°F, chemical gives off enough vapor to ignite if a source of ignition is present as tested with a closed cup tester. HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS; Chemical substances deter-

mined to be potential health or physical hazards by the criteria established in the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard - 29 CFR 1910.1200

HTX: Highly toxic - the probable lethal dose for 70 kg (150 lb.) man and may be approximated as less than 6 teaspoons (2 tablespoons). IRR: Irritant - Causes reversible effects in living tissues (e.g.

inflammation) - primarily skin and eyes. N/A: Not Applicable - Category is not appropriate for this

product. N/D: Not Determined - Insufficient information for a deter-

mination for this item. RTECS #: Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances - an unreviewed listing of published toxicology data on chemical substances.

SARA: Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act Section 313 designates chemicals for possible reporting for the Toxics Release Inventory.

SEN: Sensitizer - Causes allergic reaction after repeated exposure.

TOX: Toxic - The probable lethal dose for a 70 kg (150 lb.) man is one ounce (2 tablespoons) or more.

SECTION III: HEALTH HAZARD DATA

ACUTE EFFECT: An adverse effect on the human body from a single exposure with symptoms developing almost immeafter exposure or within a relatively short time. CHRONIC EFFECT; Adverse effects that are most likely to

occur from repeated exposure over a long period of time. EST'D PEUTLY: This estimated, time-weighted average, ex-

posure limit, developed by using a formula provided by the ACGIH, pertains to airborne concentrations from the prod-uct as a whole. This value should serve as guide for providing safe workplace conditions to nearly all workers. HMIS CODES: Hazardous Material Identification System - a

rating system developed by the National Paint and Coating Association for estimating the hazard potential of a chemi-cal under normal workplace conditions. These risk estimates are indicated by a numerical rating given in each of three hazard areas (Health/Flammability/Reactivity) ranging from a low of zero to a high of 4. A chronic hazard is indicated with a yes. Consult HMIS training guides for Personal Protection letter codes which indicate necessary protective equipment.

PRIMARY ROUTE OF ENTRY: The way one or more hazardous ingredients may enter the body and cause a generalized-systemic or specific-organ toxic effect.

ING, Ingestion - A primary route of exposure through swallowing of material.

INH: Inhalation - A primary route of exposure through breathing of vapors.

SKIN: A primary route of exposure through contact with

the skin.

SECTION IV: SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION

Where respiratory protection is recommended, use only MSHA and NIOSH approved respirators and dust masks. MSHA: Mine Safety and Health Administration

NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health.

SECTION V: PHYSICAL DATA

EVAPORATION RATE: it refers to the rate of change from the liquid state to the vapor state at ambient temperature and pressure in comparison to a given substance (e.g. water).

pH: A value representing the acidity or alkalinity of an aqueous solution (Acidic pH = 1; Neutral pH = 7; Alkaline pH = 14

PERCENT VOLATILE: The percentage of the product (liquid or solid) that will evaporate at 212°F and ambient pressure. SOLUBILITY IN WATER: A description of the ability of the product to dissolve in water

SECTION VII: REACTIVITY DATA

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION: Breakdown products expense ed to be produced upon product decomposition or fire. INCOMPATIBILITY: Material contact and conditions to avoid to prevent hazardous reactions.

POLYMERIZATION: Indicates the tendency of the product's molecules to combine in a chemical reaction releasing ex cess pressure and heat. STABILITY: Indicates the susceptibility of the product to

spontaneously and dangerously decompose.

SECTION VIII: SPILL AND DISPOSAL PROCEDURES

RCRA WASTE NOS: RCRA (Resource Conservation and Recovery Act) waste codes (40 CFR 261) applicable to the disposal of spilled or unusable product from the origina container.

SECTION X: TRANSPORTATION DATA

CWA: Clean Water Act

RQ; Reportable Quantity - The amount of the specific ingre dient that, when spilled to the ground and can enter a storm sewer or natural watershed, must be reported to the National Response Center, and other regulatory agencies.

TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act - a federal law requir ing all commercial chemical substances to appear on an inventory maintained by the EPA.

DISCLAIMER

All statements, technical information and recommendations contained herein are based on available scientific tests or data which we believe to be reliable. The accuracy and completeness of such data are not warranted or guaran teed. We cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and our products, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with our products, may be used. Zep assumes no liability or responsibility for loss or damage resulting from the improper use or handling of our products, from incompatible product combinations, or from the failure to follow instructions, warnings, and advisories in the product's label and Material Safety Data Sheet.