MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET FOR COATINGS, RESINS AND RELATED MATERIALS (Approved by U.S. Department of Labor 'Essentially Similar' to form OSHA-20)

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Section I -- PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

Section II -- HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS CAS No. V.P. 64742-48-9 V. M. & F. Naphtha. 15 300 64742-47-8 Mineral Spirits. 30 100 5 11103-86-9 Potassium Zinc Chromate. <1> <5 0.05 <> Ingredient is an IARC<I>, NTP<N> or OSHA<O> listed PPH PPH Mg/M3 12.0

0.36 Chromium VI (as Cr) Hg/H3 Section III -- PHYSICAL DATA

EVAPORATION RATE -- Slover than Ether VAPOR DENSITY -- Heavier than Air % VOLATILE VOLUME BOILING RANGE (F) 240 - 395 WT/GAL 9.23 63.0

Section IV -- FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

FLANMABILITY CLASSIFICATION FLASH POINT 78 F PMCC LEL 0.9
RED LABEL — Flasmable, Flash below 100 F
EXTINGUISHING MEDIA
Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Foas
UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS
Keep containers tightly closed. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks, and open
flasse. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Application to hot
surfaces requires special precautions. During emergency conditions overexposure to
decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent.
Obtain medical attention. SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES
Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used.
Vater spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Vater may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

Section V -- HEALTH HAZARD DATA

THRESHOLD LIMIT VALUE -- See Section II

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EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

ACUTE:

Overexposure causes eye, skin and respiratory irritation. May cause nervous system depression accompanied by headache, dizziness, hausea, confusion and staggering gait. Extreme overexposure may result in unconsciousness and possibly death.

CHRONIC: Studies have associated exposure to Chromium VI compounds with an increased risk of respiratory cancer.

Prolonged overexposure to ingredients in Section II may cause adverse effects to the liver overpression and respiratory.

the liver, urinary, and respiratory systems.

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES

If IMBALED: If affected, remove from exposure. Restore breathing. Keep warm and quiet.

If on SKIN: Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water.

Remove contaminated clothing and launder before re-use.

If in EYES: Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

Section VI -- REACTIVITY DATA

STABILITY -- Stable HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS

By fire: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide, Oxides of Metals in Section II HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION -- Will Not Occur

Section VII -- SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED
Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate and remove with inert abs
WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Waste from this product may be hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261. Waste must be tested for ignitability and extractability to determine the applicable EFA hazardous waste numbers.

Incinerate in approved facility. Do not incinerate closed container. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State, and Local regulations regarding pollution.

Section VIII -- PROTECTION INFORMATION

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN USE

Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing vapor and spray mist. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Wash hands after using.

Protect against hazardous duto or funes which may be generated by sanding, wirebrushing, abrading, burning, brazing or velding of the dried film.

VENTILATION

Local exhaust preferable. General exhaust acceptable if the exposure to materials in Section II is maintained below applicable exposure limits. Refer to OSMA Standards 1910.94, 1910.101. 1010.1018.

Section II is maintained below applicable exposure limits. Refer to OSHA Standards 1910. 1910. 109. 1910.108.
RESPIRATORY PROTECTION
If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by ventilation, year respiratory device approved by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in Section II.
PROTECTIVE GLOVES

Wear gloves which are recommended by glove supplier for protection against materials in Section II. EYE PROTECTION

Wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshields.

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E61 R 25 Structural Steel Shop Coat Primer, Red Oxide page 3 Section IX -- PRECAUTIONS

DOL STORAGE CATEGORY -- IC
PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING
Contents are FLAMMABLE. Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame.
During use and until all vapors are gone: Keep area ventilated - Do not smoke Extinguish all flames, pilot lights, and heaters - Turn off stoves, electric tools and
appliances, and any other sources of ignition.
Consult NFPA Code. Use approved Bonding and Grounding procedures.
Keep container closed when not in use. Transfer only to approved containers with complete
and appropriate labeling. Do not take internally. Keep out of the reach of children.
OTHER PRECAUTIONS
This coating contains materials classified as nuisance particulates, for example
titanium dioxide, calcium carbonate, etc. (see ACGIR TLV List, Preface and Appendix D),
which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film.

Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal.

HMIS

HEALTH	2*	
FLAMMABILITY	3	
REACTIVITY	0	